

GERMAN WAR
LOAN METHODSJames W. Gerard Explains Why
the Huns Are Able to Continue
Struggle Through
Enforced Loans.

How vitally necessary it is for the Allies and America to fight the war to a real ending with a decisive German defeat was revealed the other day by James W. Gerard, the American Ambassador to Germany at the outbreak of the war, in a conversation with a reporter. Despite all of the assertions of German diplomats and state officials that Germany wishes no indemnities, Mr. Gerard reveals that the whole German policy of financing the war is based on the very definite plan of demanding all possible indemnities.

The taxes had not been very materially increased—not even the income tax when Mr. Gerard left the country. Germany was simply doing as she is now doing—financing the war with high loans which were exacted from the people but they were funded and financed in such a way that they created a vast and constantly increasing public debt—all in convenient shape to be taken up out of the proceeds from indemnities.

"A German subscribes say 100,000 marks to a German war loan," said Gerard. "He then takes the bonds which he receives to his bank and receives from the bank a credit of 80 per cent of their value which is loaned to him upon the understanding that he subscribe them to the following German loan. And so it continues until a low point is reached. Thus an enormous national debt is built up which is carried by the paper money of the country since in Germany they can issue paper against property."

"The high authorities in Germany have repeatedly stated that they were planning to finance the war on the basis of a certain German victory; they would exact the last penny in indemnities and make some other nation or nations pay for the war."

So it is quite apparent that the Huns are prepared to fight on as long as they are able. The insincerity of their peace pleas becomes apparent in the light of their war financing. The best observers, in the light of the disclosures regarding their war financing assert that the Hun merely wants peace to prepare for continuing the war after a breathing space.

Another decidedly interesting point was developed by Mr. Gerard. When the United States issues a Liberty Loan the country is asked to subscribe freely but there is no compulsion. That the people may be fully informed upon all points pertaining to bonds and the Liberty Bonds in particular and that they may fully realize the necessity of backing up their government, the Liberty Loan Committee organizes a far-reaching campaign. The best experts in publicity advertising, sealesmanship and finance give of their brains freely. The whole country is also supplied with all information which may in any way aid them in having sufficient data on which to base conclusions.

But in Germany the war loans go forward very quietly. There is no campaign, no publicity department, no corps of expert bond salesmen, no oratory, no Liberty Theatre, no Liberty Bell, no Liberty Bank. The government simply notifies banks and large insurance and industrial corporations that they are expected to subscribe such and such an amount. This is handled precisely as the individual subscriptions are.

The banks lend to the corporations 80 per cent of their subscriptions with the provision that this 80 per cent must be put back into the succeeding

loan.

The corporation always subscribe. They have never been known to refuse.

"What would happen to a corporation if it refused?" Mr. Gerard was asked.

"No German corporation ever has refused to subscribe," he answered. "If one ever did it would find itself put out of business by the Government very speedily. This is perfectly understood. The intimations received by the large institutions are obeyed implicitly and at once."

The banks also keep tabs on the poorer classes of persons. Anyone who has money in the bank is sent for by his bank and told that his balance is so and so and that he must take a certain allotment of government bonds. These intimations are always obeyed too. During his stay in the country Mr. Gerard never heard of an instance in which an individual refused to take the allotment which was made to him by his bank.

So in the opinion of those who know Germany best, it is not surprising that the Germans allow themselves to be herded to slaughter. Those observers declare that the Germans are a nation which so far as the ordinary citizens are concerned has lost its sense of volition and acts in blind obedience at the command of the ruling classes. They add that as a whole the German nation is a nation of peasants, provincial and without the courage to defy their masters. Such a nation could never aspire successfully to world leadership.

Old Garments For Red Cross.

The Southwest Division of the American Red Cross must raise 500 tons of clothing to be sent to the refugees in Belgium and Northern France. Each Chapter in the division must raise a large amount of this clothing, and the people of this community are called upon to contribute cast-off garments, which are in good condition, and which may be made into useful clothing for these suffering people. Following are some of the garments needed:

Every kind of garment, for all ages, and both sexes.

Light, warm cotton flannel garments.

Woolen goods of any kind.

Soft hats, caps, sweaters.

Shoes of every size; scraps of leather.

Clothing in good condition except garments of flimsy material, gaudy coloring, ball dresses, high heeled slippers; stiff hats, either men's or women's straw, dress, or derby; anything containing rubber, raincoats, rubber boots, etc.; books, toys, soap, toilet articles.

For particulars call Mrs. John Sturgis, Chairman.

Recruiting For Marine Corps
To Be Resumed.

St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 21.—Orders to resume recruiting for the Marine Corps on October 1, have been received by Capt. F. E. Turpin, who is in charge of the 13th Recruiting District in which this city is located.

Under the order recruiting will be resumed at once, applicants will be examined but will not be sent to camp until after October 1st.

The order permits men in the draft to apply for enlistment in the Marine Corps. The officer in charge then sends notice of the application to the Provost Marshal General who directs the local board to release the applicant for service.

The new plan permits registered men to get into the Marine Corps by merely applying to the nearest recruiting office or to the authorities of their draft board for permission to enlist.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

The Government Needs Men.

For the past two years, the United States Government at an expense running into millions, has been building two immense powder and explosive plants—one at Nitro, West Virginia near Charleston, and the other at Old Hickory near Nashville, Tenn., and now that the first units of these plants are completed and in actual operation, producing that most necessary of all war ammunition, the explosives. The companies operating these plants, the Dupont Powder Company and the Hercules Powder Company, have called on the U. S. Employment Service thru the U. S. Public Service Reserve, to furnish men for operators and operator helpers. All men actually work eight hours per day as there are three complete shifts of men working at each of these plants. Now, the U. S. Employment Service for the past year or more have had calls from clerks, school teachers, clergymen and attorneys who have wanted information as to work that they might do to help win the war, and as it is impossible in this country to secure experienced operators sufficient to man these immense works, the above companies are now hiring men from all of these classes and teaching them the business. They are taking men from eighteen to fifty years of age who are physically able to do eight hours honest work per day and have the education and intelligence necessary to grasp the details of this work. Men who have been rejected by the draft boards for slight physical defects are particularly desired. These plants being new and constructed by the best engineers after the most approved methods have eliminated practically all the danger from handling of these high explosives and by being careful in selecting men of a little more than average intelligence, these plants should operate safely and without accidents.

The Hercules Plant at Nitro, when completed will consist of five units and employ 40,000 men. The Dupont Plant at Nashville, is even larger than this and will need more men to operate. Both of these companies have a personal representative at the U. S. Employment Offices at Kansas City, St. Louis, Joplin and Springfield, and it is necessary in all cases that applicants for this work apply in person to the above representatives for a physical examination. Shipments will be made from Kansas City on Tuesday, Thurs-

day and Saturday of each week. For rate of pay and full information call on County Agent of the U. S. Public Service Reserve A. R. Rush of Lexington.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Deeds filed in the Recorder's Office, Lexington, Lafayette Co., Missouri, week ending Saturday, September 21, 1918. Compiled by Lafayette County Abstract Co., Lexington, Mo. Ike H. Noyes, Manager.

Abstract & Farm Loans
S. J. Kleinschmidt and wife to John Huxel W. D. \$2000 lots 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, Blk. 6 Ridgeway Add. Higginsville, also part SE SE 36-50-26.

Edward C. Stosberg and wife to Albert Hader W. D. \$1000 lot 10 & 12 ft. E side lot 11 Blk. F McCord's Add Higginsville.

John H. Wilson to Senate C. Brown W. D. \$2500 S½ NW¼ 16-48-26, 80 acres.

E. C. Hoelscher and wife to Henry Fran W. D. \$1 etc. 40 ft. off N side lot 1 Blk. E Concordia.

Roy F. Knowles and wife to Joseph P. Powell W. D. \$525 part lot 19 Blk. O Riding's Add Mayview.

Wm. C. Drake and wife to Adolph H. Deke W. D. \$2300 S½ lot 7 & 20 ft. N side lot 8 Blk. P Concordia.

Wm. H. Stonner et al to Wm. W. Burgess and wife W. D. \$4,068.70 part NW 33-51-28, 35 A. Wm. Marcum and wife to Chapman Green W. D. \$10 part SE NE 19-50-28.

Horace F. Blackwell and wife to Lance Joplin and wife W. D. \$675 part lot 18 Farmer's Bk. Subd. Gratz Place being part NW¼ 27-51-27.

Lance Joplin and wife to Horace Blackwell W. D. \$650 part lot 18 Farmer's Bank Subd. Gratz Place being part NW¼ 27-51-27.

Fred Witthar to John R. Owen W. D. \$1000 10 acres NW¼ NW¼ SW NE 15-51-25.

Malcom B. Avitt to Wm. Lewis Smith and wife W. D. \$800 lot 5 Blk 1 Stefanski's Sub. Higginsville.

W. R. Jackson and J. P. Chinn to Edward C. Stosberg Ex. D. \$1200 lot 5 & 6 Blk. G McCord's Add Higginsville.

Daniel G. Wade to Putman E. Myers W. D. \$3000 part W½ NW¼ 1-48-28.

Henry A. Sietz and wife to Benjamin Liernan and wife W. D. \$1200 lot 45 Lexington, ex. cept 15 ft. S side.

Croquet set at cost at Morrison & Sons.



Their Medicine Chest For 20 Years

It is characteristic of those who have used Nature's Remedy for 20 years that they can tell you of its value in a way that no one else can. They can tell you of its value in a way that no one else can. They can tell you of its value in a way that no one else can.

I have used Nature's Remedy for 20 years. I have used it for all kinds of ailments. I have used it for all kinds of ailments. I have used it for all kinds of ailments.

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and does more than any laxative on the market today. The thousands of letters from users have convinced me I was right, and that the user of Nature's Remedy as a family medicine, even though he may have used it for twenty-five years, never has to increase the dose.

My knowledge of medicine and the results of its use in my own family and among my friends, before I ever offered it for sale, caused me to have great faith in Nature's Remedy from the very first.

And now as I find myself nearing the age when I must bow to the inevitable and go to another life, my greatest pleasure is to stretch out and read the letters that each mail brings from people 20 years old or older than I, who tell of having used Nature's Remedy for ten, fifteen and twenty years, and how they and their children and grandchildren have been benefited by it.

It is a consoling thought, my friends, for a man at my age to feel that aside from his own success, one has done something for his fellow man. My greatest satisfaction, my greatest happiness today, is the knowledge that tonight more than one million people will take a Nature's Remedy (NE Tablet) and will be better, healthier, happier people for it. I hope you will be one of them.

A. H. Lewis, Pres.

A. H. LEWIS MEDICINE CO., ST. LOUIS, MO.

Crenshaw & Young, Lexington, Mo.

Mr. Tonight—
Tomorrow Feel Right
Get a 25 Box

Old Uncle Sam was a peacable man

But he fought when he had to, see?

He called for ships, and he called for guns.

And he called for his fighters three.

Soldiers, Sailors, Buyers of Bonds,

Which one are you? Says he.

Woman's Liberty Loan Com.

Advertise in the Intelligencer.

Rev. F. M. Burton went to Lone Jack Thursday evening to conduct the funeral service of Sam Yankee.

Charles Warren went to Higginsville Thursday night on business.

Richard Hays went to St. Louis Thursday night for a visit with relatives.

Mrs. Vince Owen returned Thursday night from a visit in Kansas City.

Window shades at cost at Morrison's.

J. & K.

SHOES FOR WOMEN

We are pleased to announce to the Ladies of Lexington that we have secured the agency for the Julian & Kokenge line of Ladies' Shoes.

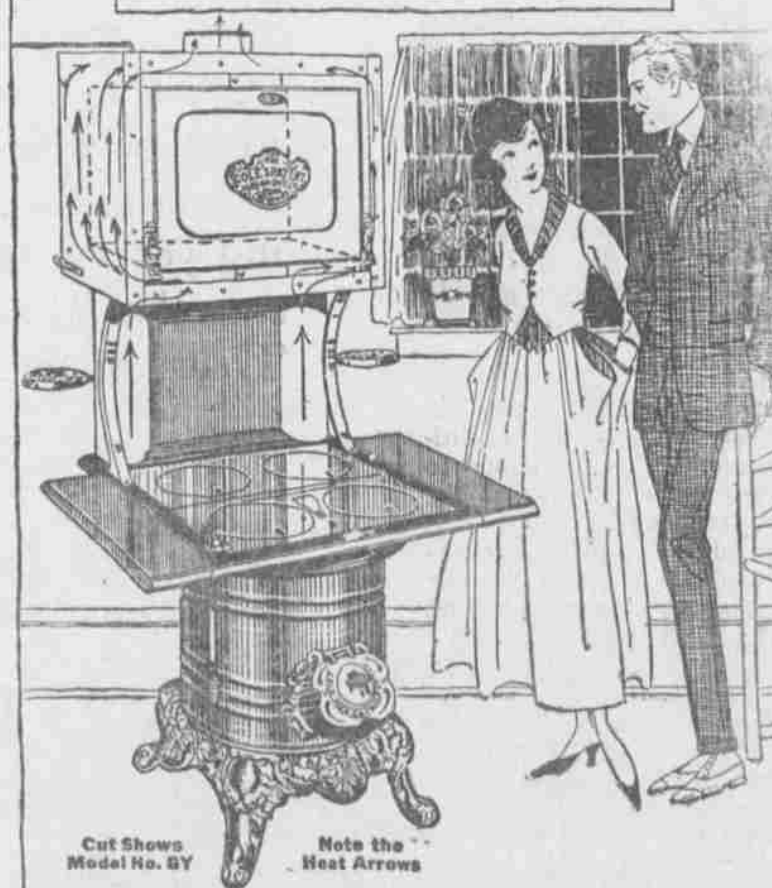
The excellent quality, style, and fit of these shoes is well known to most of the Ladies.

We will carry a complete line of Misses' and Girls' Shoes.

Fall styles are arriving daily. Come in and look them over.

McDaneld & Wiley

A. Gillen, Lexington, Missouri.



1/3 to 1/2 Saving

Here's Your Opportunity to Help Save the Limited Coal Supply

Bake With Heat Now Lost Up the Chimney

This remarkable range takes advantage of Nature's law for heat to rise and thus the High Oven saves and bakes with the "waste or chimney heat" of the common type range. Note that the two oven flues start at the place where the smoke flue is connected to the chimney on other ranges. Why let half your fuel money fly up the chimney? You can easily save 1-3 to 1-2 in fuel bills and do away with one of your heating stoves with the efficient

Cole's High Oven Range

Put One in Your Home

See It on Exhibition at Our Store